

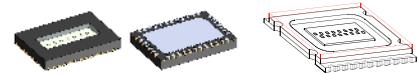
FEATURES

- ◆ Monolithic construction with integrated photodiodes ensures excellent matching and technical reliability
- ◆ Short track spacing of 600 μm
- ◆ Elimination of dark currents through differential scanning
- ◆ Photocurrent amplifier with high cut-off frequency
- ◆ Comparators with precise signal-related hysteresis
- ◆ Current-limited push-pull outputs
- ◆ Adjustable LED current control for constant received power
- ◆ Integrated power driver for the LED
- ◆ LED current monitor with error message output
- ◆ Integrated test aid
- ◆ Low power consumption from 5 V supply voltage
- ◆ Space-saving 38-pin optoQFN with extended temperature range of -40 to +120 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
- ◆ 20-pin BLCC package with protective glass lid
- ◆ Options: custom reticle assembly, customized COB modules

APPLICATIONS

- ◆ Linear and rotary position sensors
- ◆ Absolute Gray-code encoders
- ◆ Mixed incremental/absolute encoders

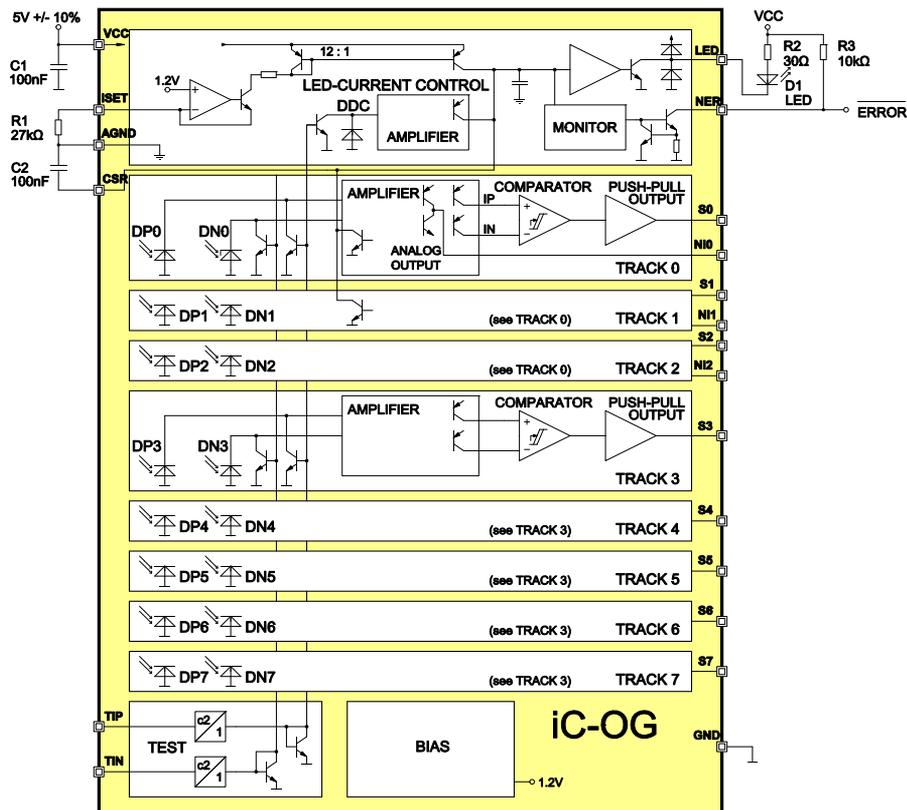
PACKAGES



oQFN38-7x5
(7 mm x 5 mm)

BLCC OGC
(8.2 mm x 9.5 mm)

BLOCK DIAGRAM



DESCRIPTION

iC-OG is an optoelectronic sensor IC for linear and rotary motion control systems, such as glass scales or shaft encoders, for example.

Photodiodes, amplifiers, comparators and TTL-compatible push-pull output drivers are integrated monolithically. Each of the 8 tracks is evaluated differentially; 3 tracks feature additional high-side and low-side current sources and output a push-pull analog signal.

The integrated LED current control with its driver stage connects to the encoder LED and ensures a constant optical received power. A series resistor is used here as current limiter, and thus defines the control's operating range. If the LED current control reaches operating limits, error message output NER

indicates a low signal (LED end-of-life, or open loop conditions).

Tracks 0 and 1 with their differential scanning photodiodes provide a sum current for LED controlling, averaged by the capacitor at pin CSR. The sum current is compared with the setpoint adjusted by the external resistor at pin ISET.

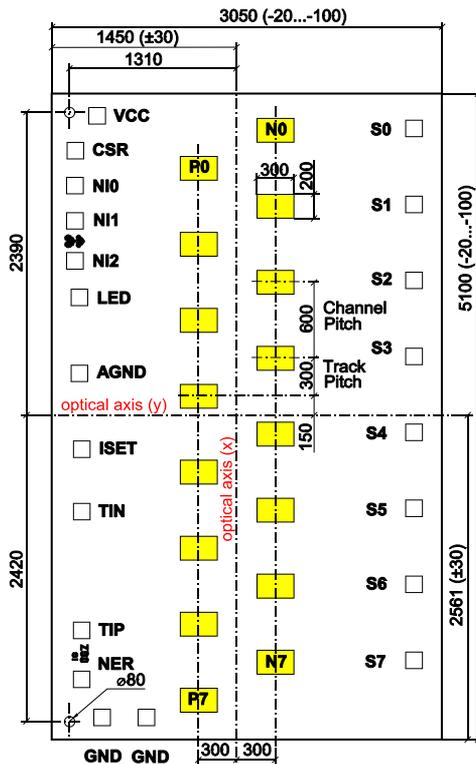
Two test pins (TIP, TIN) allow a full test of all chip functions to be carried out excluding the photodiodes.

All push-pull and analog outputs are protected against ESD and short-circuit damage. The error message output NER is also protected against short-circuiting and can be used in bus systems due to its open-collector output.

PACKAGES

PAD LAYOUT / CHIP LAYOUT

Chip size 3.05 mm x 5.1 mm



PAD FUNCTIONS

No. Name Function

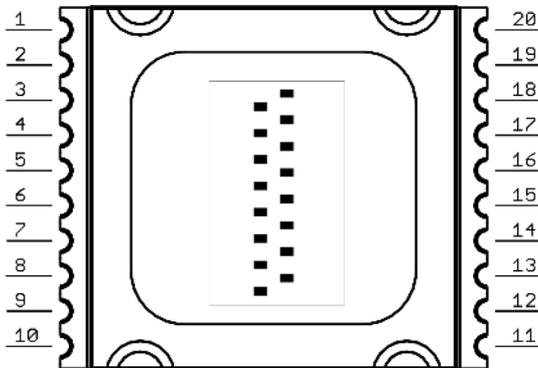
See pin functions.

Notes

The optical sensor axis is not exactly the chip center.

PIN CONFIGURATION BLCC OGC

9.5 mm x 8.2 mm x 1.8 mm; lead pitch 0.8 mm;
A package datasheet is available separately.

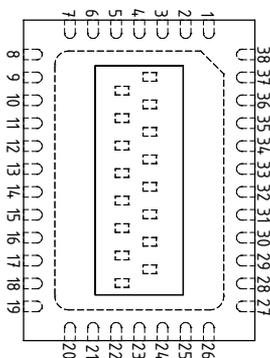


PIN FUNCTIONS

| No. | Name | Function |
|-----|------|---|
| 1 | CSR | External capacitor for LED control |
| 2 | NI0 | Track 0 Analog Push-Pull Output |
| 3 | NI1 | Track 1 Analog Push-Pull Output |
| 4 | NI2 | Track 2 Analog Push-Pull Output |
| 5 | LED | LED Driver Output |
| 6 | AGND | Reference Ground for ISET and CSR Circuitry |
| 7 | ISET | LED Current Control Setup |
| 8 | TIN | Negative Test Aid Input |
| 9 | TIP | Positive Test Aid Input |
| 10 | NER | Error Message Output, low active |
| 11 | GND | Ground |
| 12 | S7 | Track 7 Push-Pull Output |
| 13 | S6 | Track 6 Push-Pull Output |
| 14 | S5 | Track 5 Push-Pull Output |
| 15 | S4 | Track 4 Push-Pull Output |
| 16 | S3 | Track 3 Push-Pull Output |
| 17 | S2 | Track 2 Push-Pull Output |
| 18 | S1 | Track 1 Push-Pull Output |
| 19 | S0 | Track 0 Push-Pull Output |
| 20 | VCC | +5 V Supply Voltage |

PIN CONFIGURATION oQFN38-7x5

7.0 mm x 5.0 mm x 0.9 mm; lead pitch 0.5 mm; in qualification;



PIN FUNCTIONS

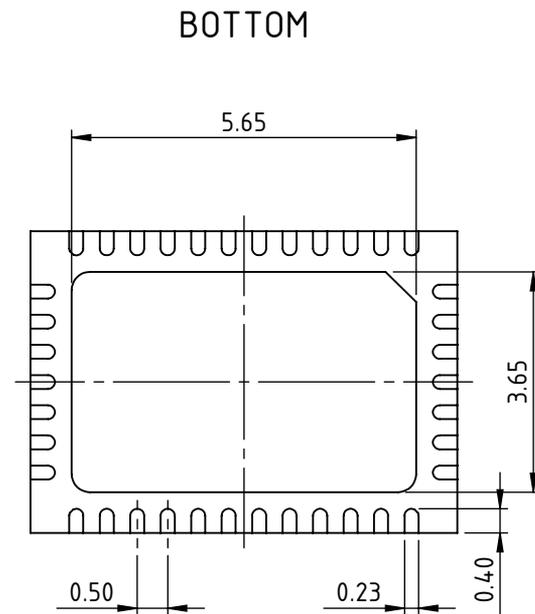
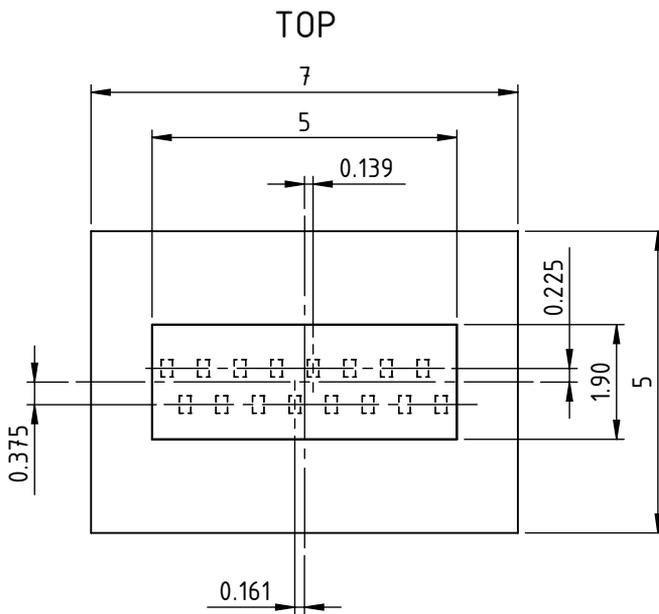
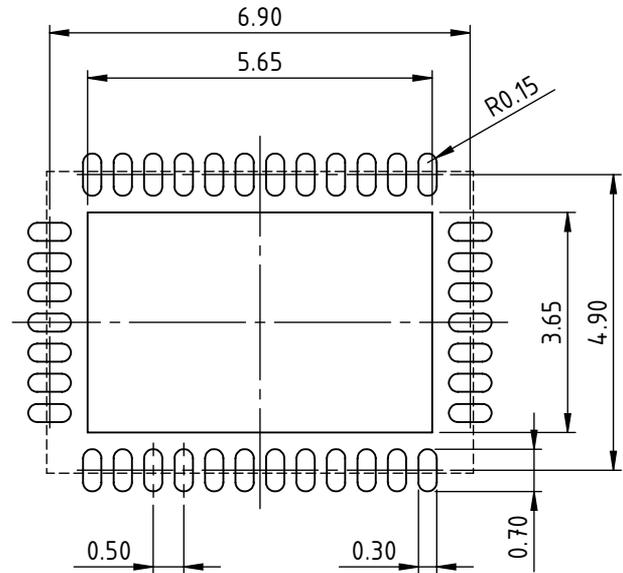
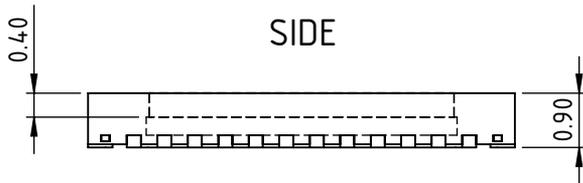
| No. | Name | Function |
|-------|------|------------------------------------|
| 1...7 | n.c. | |
| 8 | VCC | +5 V Supply Voltage |
| 9 | CSR | External capacitor for LED control |
| 10 | NI0 | Track 0 Analog Push-Pull Output |
| 11 | NI1 | Track 1 Analog Push-Pull Output |
| 12 | NI2 | Track 2 Analog Push-Pull Output |

PIN FUNCTIONS

| No. | Name | Function |
|---------|------|---|
| 13 | LED | LED Driver Output |
| 14 | AGND | Reference Ground for ISET and CSR Circuitry |
| 15 | ISET | LED Current Control Setup |
| 16 | TIN | Negative Test Aid Input |
| 17 | TIP | Positive Test Aid Input |
| 18 | NER | Error Message Output, low active |
| 19 | GND | Ground |
| 20...26 | n.c. | |
| 27 | S7 | Track 7 Push-Pull Output |
| 28 | S6 | Track 6 Push-Pull Output |
| 29 | n.c. | |
| 30 | S5 | Track 5 Push-Pull Output |
| 31 | n.c. | |
| 32 | S4 | Track 4 Push-Pull Output |
| 33 | n.c. | |
| 34 | S3 | Track 3 Push-Pull Output |
| 35 | n.c. | |
| 36 | S2 | Track 2 Push-Pull Output |
| 37 | S1 | Track 1 Push-Pull Output |
| 38 | S0 | Track 0 Push-Pull Output |
| | n.c. | Pin not connected. |

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS oQFN38-7x5

RECOMMENDED PCB-FOOTPRINT



dra_og-oqfn38-1_pack_1, 8:1

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Beyond these values damage may occur; device operation is not guaranteed.

| Item No. | Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Limits | | Unit |
|----------|-------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------|---------|------|
| | | | | Min. | Max. | |
| G001 | VCC | Voltage at VCC | | -0.3 | 6 | V |
| G002 | V(S) | Voltage at Output S0..7 | | -0.3 | VCC+0.3 | V |
| G003 | I(S) | Current in Outputs S0..7 | V(S) < 0 V or V(S) > VCC | -3 | 3 | mA |
| G004 | V(NI) | Voltage at Analog Outputs NI0..2 | | -0.3 | VCC+0.3 | V |
| G005 | I(NI) | Current in Analog Outputs NI0..2 | | -3 | 3 | mA |
| G006 | I(TIP), I(TIN) | Current in TIP, TIN | | -1 | 1 | mA |
| G007 | I(ISET) | Current in ISET | | -1 | 0.1 | mA |
| G008 | I(AGND) | Current in AGND | | -5 | 5 | mA |
| G009 | I(LED) | Current in LED | V(LED) < 0 or V(LED) > VCC | -3 | 3 | mA |
| G010 | I(LED) | Current in LED | 0 < V(LED) < VCC | 0 | 150 | mA |
| G011 | V(CSR) | Voltage at CSR | | -0.3 | VCC+0.3 | V |
| G012 | I(CSR) | Current in CSR | | -3 | 3 | mA |
| G013 | V(NER) | Voltage at NER | | -0.3 | 6 | V |
| G014 | Vd() | ESD Susceptibility | HBM, 100 pF discharged through 1.5 kΩ | | 2 | kV |
| G015 | Tj | Junction Temperature | | -40 | 125 | °C |
| G016 | Ts | Chip Storage Temperature | | -40 | 125 | °C |

THERMAL DATA

Operating conditions: VCC = 5 V ±10%

For package oQFN38-7x5 only; for BLCC OGC refer to the relevant package specification, available separately.

| Item No. | Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Limits | | | Unit |
|----------|--------|---------------------------------------|---|--------|------|------------|----------|
| | | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| T01 | Ta | Operating Ambient Temperature Range | | -40 | | 120 | °C |
| T02 | Ts | Permissible Storage Temperature Range | | -40 | | 120 | °C |
| T03 | Tpk | Soldering Peak Temperature | tpk < 20 s, convection reflow tpk < 20 s, vapor phase soldering MSL 5A (max. floor live 24 h at 30 °C and 60 % RH); Please refer to customer information file No. 7 for details. | | | 245 230 | °C °C |

All voltages are referenced to ground unless otherwise stated.

All currents flowing into the device pins are positive; all currents flowing out of the device pins are negative.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICSOperating conditions: $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_j = -40$ to $125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.

| Item No. | Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | | | Unit |
|--|-----------------------|--|--|------|------|------|--------------------------------------|
| | | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| Total Device | | | | | | | |
| 001 | VCC | Permissible Supply Voltage | | 4.5 | | 5.5 | V |
| 002 | I(VCC) | Supply Current in VCC, Outputs S0..7 hi | LED control active: $R(\text{ISET}/\text{AGND}) = 140\text{ k}\Omega$, $I(\text{LED}) \approx 8\text{ mA}$, $\text{NER} = \text{hi}$; $I(\text{DP0..7}) = 30\text{ nA}$, $I(\text{DN0..7}) = 3\text{ nA}$, $I(\text{S0..7}) = 0$; | | 10 | | mA |
| 003 | I(VCC) | Supply Current in VCC, Outputs S0..7 lo | LED control active: $R(\text{ISET}/\text{AGND}) = 14\text{ k}\Omega$, $I(\text{LED}) \approx 80\text{ mA}$, $\text{NER} = \text{hi}$; $I(\text{DP0..7}) = 3\text{ nA}$, $I(\text{DN0..7}) = 30\text{ nA}$, $I(\text{S0..7}) = 0$; | | 10 | | mA |
| 004 | fc() | Cut-off Frequency, tracks 0..7 | sinusoidal waveform, $I(\text{DP0..7}) = 3\text{...}30\text{ nA}$ $I(\text{DN0..7}) = 30\text{...}3\text{ nA}$ | 100 | | | kHz |
| 005 | tp() | Propagation Delay | see No. 4 | | | 2.5 | μs |
| 006 | fc() | Cut-off Frequency, tracks 0..7 | sinusoidal waveform, $I(\text{DP0..7}) = 6\text{...}60\text{ nA}$ $I(\text{DN0..7}) = 60\text{...}6\text{ nA}$ | 200 | | | kHz |
| 007 | tp() | Propagation Delay | see No. 6 | | | 1.5 | μs |
| Photodiodes and Amplifiers, tracks 0..7 | | | | | | | |
| 101 | Aph(D) | Radiant Sensitive Area | 0.2 mm x 0.3 mm | | 0.06 | | mm^2 |
| 102 | S(λ)max | Spectral Sensitivity | $\lambda = 850\text{ nm}$ | | 0.5 | | A/W |
| 103 | λ_{ar} | Spectral Application Range | $S(\lambda_{\text{ar}}) = 0.1 \times S(\lambda)_{\text{max}}$ | 500 | | 1050 | nm |
| 104 | Iph(D) | Permissible Photocurrent | | | | 90 | nA |
| 105 | CM() | Common Mode DPI to DNi | | 0.85 | 1 | 1.15 | |
| Difference Comparators, tracks 0..7 | | | | | | | |
| 201 | Hys | Hysteresis referred to $[I(\text{DPi}) + I(\text{DNi})] / 2$ | | 8 | 11 | 17 | % |
| Push-Pull Outputs S0..7 | | | | | | | |
| 301 | Vs()hi | Saturation Voltage hi | $V_{\text{s}}(\text{hi}) = V_{\text{CC}} - V()$; $I() = -40\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $T_j = 27\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | | 0.69 | 0.95 | V V |
| 302 | Vs()hi | Saturation Voltage hi | $V_{\text{s}}(\text{hi}) = V_{\text{CC}} - V()$; $I() = -400\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $T_j = 27\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | | 0.83 | 1.05 | V V |
| 303 | Vs()lo | Saturation Voltage lo | $I() = 1.6\text{ mA}$; $T_j = 27\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | | 0.22 | 0.4 | V V |
| 304 | Isc()hi | Short-Circuit Current hi | $V() = 0\text{ V...}V_{\text{CC}} - 1.2\text{ V}$ | -7 | -4.6 | -1.4 | mA |
| 305 | Isc()lo | Short-Circuit Current lo | $V() = 0.4\text{ V...}V_{\text{CC}}$ | 1.8 | 7.3 | 13 | mA |
| 306 | SR()hi | Slew-Rate hi | $C_L = 30\text{ pF}$; $T_j = 27\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 24 | 61 | 130 | V/ μs V/ μs |
| 307 | SR()lo | Slew-Rate lo | $C_L = 30\text{ pF}$; $T_j = 27\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 40 | 115 | 380 | V/ μs V/ μs |
| 308 | Vc()hi | Clamp Voltage hi | $V_{\text{c}}(\text{hi}) = V() - V_{\text{CC}}$; $S() = \text{hi}$, $I() = 3\text{ mA}$ | 0.4 | | 1.5 | V |
| 309 | Vc()lo | Clamp Voltage lo | $S() = \text{lo}$, $I() = -3\text{ mA}$ | -1.5 | | -0.4 | V |
| Analog Outputs NI0..2 | | | | | | | |
| 501 | CR() | Current Ratio $I(\text{Nli}) / (I(\text{DPi}) - I(\text{DNi}))$ | $V(\text{Nli}) = 0.3\text{ V...}V_{\text{CC}} - 1.2\text{ V}$, $I(\text{DPi}) = 3\text{...}90\text{ nA}$, $I(\text{DNi}) = 90\text{...}3\text{ nA}$; $T_j = 27\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ | 550 | 720 | 1250 | |
| 502 | I0() | Leakage Current | $V(\text{Ni}) = 0.3\text{ V...}V_{\text{CC}} - 1.2\text{ V}$, $I(\text{DPi}, \text{DNi}) = 0$ | -1.5 | | 1.5 | μA |
| 503 | fc() | Cut-off Frequency | $V(\text{Nli}) = \text{constant}$, sinusoidal waveform, $I(\text{DPi}) = 3\text{...}30\text{ nA}$, $I(\text{DNi}) = 30\text{...}3\text{ nA}$ | 100 | | | kHz |
| 504 | fc() | Cut-off Frequency | $V(\text{Nli}) = \text{constant}$, sinusoidal waveform, $I(\text{DPi}) = 6\text{...}60\text{ nA}$, $I(\text{DNi}) = 60\text{...}6\text{ nA}$ | 200 | | | kHz |
| 505 | fc() | Cut-off Frequency | $R(V_{\text{CC}}/\text{Nli}) = 50\text{ k}\Omega$, $R(\text{Nli}/\text{GND}) = 50\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L() = 30\text{ pF}$ | 50 | 80 | | kHz |
| 506 | Vc()hi | Clamp Voltage hi | $V_{\text{c}}(\text{hi}) = V() - V_{\text{CC}}$; $I() = 3\text{ mA}$ | 0.4 | | 1.5 | V |
| 507 | Vc()lo | Clamp Voltage lo | $I() = -3\text{ mA}$ | -1.5 | | -0.4 | V |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICSOperating conditions: $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 10\%$, $T_j = -40$ to 125°C , unless otherwise noted.

| Item No. | Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | | | | Unit |
|---|---------|---|---|--------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | | | | Min. | Typ. | Max. | |
| Test Aid TIP, TIN | | | | | | | |
| 601 | CR() | Current Ratio $I(\text{TIP}) / I(\text{DPI,DDC})$ and $I(\text{TIN}) / I(\text{DNI})$ | Test aid active, $I() = 2\dots 200\ \mu\text{A}$ | 750 | 1100 | 1600 | |
| 602 | It() | Pull-Down Current (Test Aid Turn-on Threshold) | $V() = 0.4\ \text{V}$; $T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 27^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 85^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 2.5 | 14 19 25 28 | 125 | μA μA μA μA |
| 603 | V(on) | Turn-on Voltage | Test aid active, $I(\text{TIP}) = 2\dots 200\ \mu\text{A}$ and $I(\text{TIN}) = 100\ \mu\text{A}$, or $I(\text{TIP}) = 100\ \mu\text{A}$ and $I(\text{TIN}) = 2\dots 200\ \mu\text{A}$; $T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 27^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 85^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 1.9 1.6 1.2 1.1 | 2.4 2.1 1.8 1.6 | 2.7 2.4 2.1 1.9 | V V V V |
| LED Current Control ISET, AGND, LED, CSR | | | | | | | |
| 701 | ISUM | Permissible Sum Current of photodiodes DP0, DN0, DP1, DN1 | $ISUM = I(\text{DP0}) + I(\text{DN0}) + I(\text{DP1}) + I(\text{DN1})$ | 0 | | 360 | nA |
| 702 | I(LED) | Permiss. Driver Current in LED | | 0 | | 80 | mA |
| 703 | Vs(LED) | Saturation Voltage at LED | $I(\text{LED}) = 80\ \text{mA}$, $I(\text{ISET}) > 20\ \mu\text{A}$, $V(\text{CSR}) = V_{CC}$; $T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 27^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 85^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | | 0.96 0.88 0.79 0.72 | 1.35 | V V V V |
| 704 | V(ISET) | Voltage at ISET | $R(\text{ISET}/\text{AGND}) = 10\dots 150\ \text{k}\Omega$ | 1.15 | 1.22 | 1.35 | V |
| 705 | CR() | Current Ratio $I(\text{ISET}) / I(\text{CSR})$ | $V(\text{CSR}) = 0.3\text{V}$, $ISUM = 0$, $R(\text{ISET}) = 10\dots 150\ \text{k}\Omega$; $T_j = -40^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 27^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 85^\circ\text{C}$ $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$ | 8 | 12.0 11.9 11.75 11.65 | 15 | |
| 706 | CR() | Current Ratio $I(\text{CSR}) / ISUM$ | $V(\text{CSR}) = 1..3\text{V}$, $I(\text{ISET}) = 0$ | 70 | 92 | 130 | |
| 707 | Vc()hi | Clamp Voltage hi at ISET, LED, CSR | $V_c(\text{hi}) = V() - V_{CC}$; $I() = 3\ \text{mA}$ | 0.4 | | 1.5 | V |
| 708 | Vc()lo | Clamp Voltage lo at ISET, LED, CSR | $V_{CC} = 0\ \text{V}$, $I() = -3\ \text{mA}$ | -1.5 | | -0.4 | V |
| Control Monitor NER | | | | | | | |
| 801 | Vs() | Saturation Voltage lo | $I(\text{NER}) = 3.2\ \text{mA}$ | | 0.27 | 0.4 | V |
| 802 | Isc()lo | Short-Circuit Current lo | $V(\text{NER}) = V_{CC}$ | | 15 | 27 | mA |
| 803 | I0() | Collector Off-state Current | NER: off, $V(\text{NER}) = 0\dots 6\ \text{V}$ | | | 10 | μA |

DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTIONS

LED current control

The integrated LED current control with a driver stage controls the LED in accordance with the sum of the

photocurrents from the tracks 0 and 1. Compensation is made for age and dirt, as well as for the reduced efficiency of the LED caused by rises in temperature.

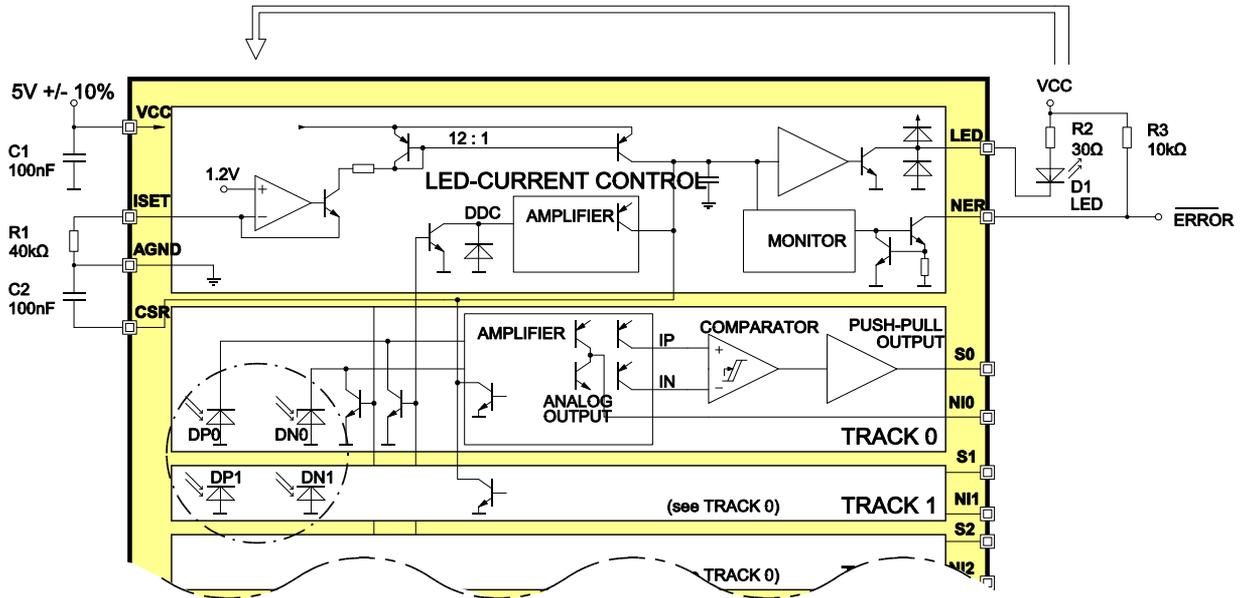


Figure 1: LED current control and monitoring.

The photodiodes DPO, DNO, DP1 and DN1 act as reference diodes. The sum is output via a current sink to the comparison point pin CSR. Simultaneously, the resistor R1 at pin ISET (the voltage at the ISET pin is kept at a constant of approximately 1.22 V) supplies a reference current for the current source from VCC, which also works towards the comparison point pin CSR. The comparison point also receives the amplified current from the compensation diode DDC in order to compensate for dark currents and for the amplifier input currents.

If there is an optical feedback from the LED to the reference photodiodes, the voltage at the CSR pin adjusts to satisfy the needs of the power driver for the required transmit current at pin LED. In this instance, the ratio between I(ISET) and the sum of the photodiode current ISUM is constant (Electrical Characteristics Nos. 705 and 706). The current flowing through the resistor R1 is the setpoint for the control and directly presets the desired level of illumination.

An internal capacitor ensures that the control is stable. The comparison point pin CSR is lead out additionally, enabling an external capacitor C2 to be connected to adapt the control behavior. Lower values for R1 require larger values for C2, which also improve the power-supply rejection ratio for the control. Values from 10 nF upwards are recommended.

A resistor in series with the LED limits the current in pin LED and sets the operating limits of the control.

The optical feedback between the LED and the reference photodiodes should be good enough to establish an LED current of less than 15 mA at room temperature. The power driver needs to have a sufficient current reserve to correct the LED's decline in efficiency even at high temperatures.

Control Monitor and Error Message Output

The control monitor observes the potential at the CSR pin. Voltages which bring the power driver to saturation or off-state are recognized and indicated at the open-collector output by NER = low.

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

Using the test aid

The threshold current defined in the electrical characteristic No. 602 must be exceeded at both pins TIP and TIN simultaneously to activate the iC-OG's built-in test aid. Once it has been activated, the test aid does not switch back to off-state until the current drops below approx. $1 \mu\text{A}$.

A clamp circuit as shown in Figure 2 also prevents falling below the test aid turn-on threshold for a short time. The output polarity of the iC-OG is to be changed over with the switch.

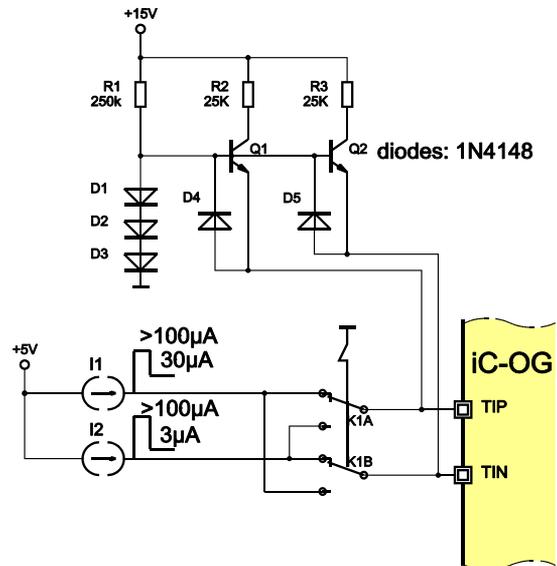


Figure 2: Wiring the test aid.

iC-Haus expressly reserves the right to change its products and/or specifications. An info letter gives details as to any amendments and additions made to the relevant current specifications on our internet website www.ichaus.de/infoletter; this letter is generated automatically and shall be sent to registered users by email.

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iC-OG**8-BIT DIFFERENTIAL SCANNING OPTO ENCODER**

preliminary



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ORDERING INFORMATION

| Type | Package | Options | Order Designation |
|-------|-----------------|-----------------------------|---|
| iC-OG | 38-pin optoQFN | glass lid custom reticle | iC-OG oQFN38-7x5 iC-OG oQFN38-7x5-xR |
| iC-OG | 20-pin BLCC OGC | glass lid custom reticle | iC-OG BLCC OGC-1L iC-OG BLCC OGC-xR |

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